



OT503
Hebrew Grammar I

EXAM 1

Name: _____ **ANSWERS** _____

Date: _____

Box # _____

1. Write **both** the **non-final** and **final** forms of the five (5) Hebrew letters which have final forms (5%):

ץ צ ף פ ן נ ם ם ך כ

2. Write the five (5) Hebrew **gutturals** (5%):

א ה ח ע ר

3. Give the three (3) **rules governing the gutturals** (6%):

(1) **They refuse the doubling *dagesh*. [or, They reject doubling.]**

(2) **They prefer a-class vowels.**

(3) **They prefer compound *shewa*.**

4. Circle all **silent shewas** (5%):

ישעיהו יחזקיהו מלבי יהודה שמעו והאזיני אמחת

5. Now put a square around all **vocal shewas** (4%)

גדלתי ודומתי אדמתכם לנגדכם ארצכם סיניך

6. Write the six (6) Hebrew letters that can receive the *dagesh lene* (6%):

ב ג ד כ פ ת

7. Write the entire Hebrew alphabet of 22 letters in order from right to left (22%):

א ב ג ד ה ו ז ח ט י כ ל מ נ ס ע פ צ ק ר ש ת

8. **Divide** the following words into syllables and transliterate (6%):

וְהָאִזְנוֹתַי

w^eha'ázîni

יִשְׁמְרוּ

yišm^erû

יְהוּדָה

y^ehûdâ

9. **Match** the following (16%):

k אֵ

i אֵי

l אֵל

j אֵי

n אֵי

a אֵי

o אֵי

f אֵי

b אֵי

c אֵי

g אֵי

e אֵי

p אֵי

d אֵי

m אֵי

h אֵי

a. *hateph pathach*

b. *qamets hatuph*

c. *shewa*

d. *hateph seghol*

e. *hateph qamets*

f. *â*

g. *ô*

h. *ē*

i. *seghol*

j. *û*

k. *ā*

l. *ō*

m. *î*

n. *qibbuts*

o. *ê*

p. *i*

10. **True or False:** Circle either **T** or **F** for each of the following (6%):

(1) *Qamets hatuph* is also called *qamets hatoph*. **T** **F**

(2) The אֵ always takes a vocal *shewa* when it stands vowelless. **T** **F**

11. **Circle** every full letter vowel (9%):

לְבָן חֲמוֹרִי נְאֻם־יְהוָה לְזֶם קְנָמִי לְעַד
 כִּי מִשְׁפָּטִי לְאַסֵּף לְזֶם לְקַבְּצִי מִמְלֶכֶת לְשֹׁפֵד עֲלֵיהֶם
 זַעֲמִי כָל חֲרוֹן אַפִּי כִּי בְּאֵשׁ קִנְאַתִּי תֹאכַל כָּל־הָאָרֶץ:

12. **Vocabulary:** Translate the following (only one meaning per word) (10%):

word or matter or affair or thing דְּבַר

sea יָם

upon or above or over or against עַל

to die מוֹת

brother אָח

woman or wife אִשָּׁה

father אָב

he said or he spoke אָמַר

he took or he received לָקַח

Master or Lord אֲדֹנָי